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THE STORY BEHIND THE CAPTURE OF THE SANTA MARIA —

Two American visitors to Portugal’s African colonies document Henrique Galvao’s assertion that the condition of Africans in Angola and Mozambique is worse than "slavery."

The discontent with the rule of Portuguese dictator Salazar by citizens of Portugal has been sensationally illustrated by Henrique Galvao’s capture of the cruiseship Santa Maria.

But the reason why Galvao turned against Dr. Salazar is not well known.

In 1947, as high inspector in Angola, Captain Galvao submitted a confidential report on forced labor in the Portuguese colonies which the Government refused to publish. After describing how his Government’s policy had forced in ten years alone —1937 to 1946— over one-million Africans to flee the colonies to neighboring African areas, Galvao concluded that their situation was "worse than simple slavery."

Two years later the report was published by the underground opposition and in 1951 Galvao was jailed. The story of Galvao’s release, re-arrest, and subsequent escape is current news; but even today, in the age of African independence, the plight of the people in Portuguese Africa remains obscure.

That is why we think you will be interested in two pamphlets on Angola and Mozambique recently published by the American Committee on Africa: "Portugal’s African
'Wards' - A First-Hand Report on Labor and Education in Mozambique," by Columbia University Professor Marvin Harris and "Angola--Repression and Revolt in Portuguese Africa," by Dr. Homer A. Jack, formerly associate director of the ACOA. Dr. Harris is a Portuguese area specialist, and Dr. Jack has traveled widely in Angola and throughout Africa.

The Harris work on Mozambique is 50¢ per copy; Jack's study of Angola is 25¢ per copy.

A TWENTY PERCENT DISCOUNT is offered on orders of TEN or more copies of either pamphlet. Payment must accompany orders of less than $2.00.