

GENOCIDE! N ANGOLA

President Neto of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) has urgently appealed to U Thant, Secretary General of the United Nations to condemn Portugal's use of chemical warfare and has asked for foods and medicines...

"to relieve the suffering of the Angolan people living in the liberated zones". (The Standard, 9 April 1971)

A year ago, on the first of May, the Portuguese began using chemical warfare against the people of Angola. They have been spraying defoliants and chemicals on the liberated regions, destroying the harvests and killing hundreds of people by poison.

The UN is investigating the situation but the use of herbicides and defoliants continues.

...and MOZAMBIQUE

In Mozambique the Portuguese are carrying out genocide in another fashion – by the construction of the Cabora Bassa Dam and the subsequent flooding of the Zambezi Valley, and settling in the new arable areas of one million whites. Thousands of Mozambicans are being dispossessed of their land, crops and livelyhood. They are forced to become refugees and face starvation.

The situation in both countries is serious, the destruction of crops (whether by defoliation, napalm or flooding) threatens famine and indeed has reached dangerous proportions already in Angola.



Angolan villagers

YOU CAN HELP

\$500 will buy and ship one ton of concentrated foods to Angola and Mozambique. HELP LSM RAISE at least \$1000 so that we can send a ton or more to both FRELIMO and MPLA.

Concentrated food will not only relieve drastic food shortages among the population. It will also provide the freedom fighters with a light-weight food supply enabling them to operate more efficiently by having a quick, ready source of energy and nutrition without spending precious time hunting and preparing food when on missions which require walking long distances taking several weeks or months.

\$30.00 will buy and ship approximately 125 lbs of concentrated food. This amount could relieve the suffering of a whole village for weeks.

SEND YOUR CONTRIBUTION



large or small to =
"Foods Campaign"

LIBERATION SUPPORT MOVEMENT

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A United Nations Special Committee report (A/6000/Add.3 - part 11 18 Nov-1965) states:



Since 1961 the people of Angola, led by the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA), and since 1964 the people of Mozambique, led by the Front for the Liberation of Mozambique (FRELIMO) have been engaged in armed resistance against their Portuguese oppressors. Though Portugal has been condemned by the United Nations and by all freedom-loving peoples, she continues to refuse independence to these countries. Portugal, Europe's most backward country, is able to perpetuate these wars because of the support she receives from the western powers, mainly through NATO. NATO supplies her with arms and armaments, jets and helicopters, napalm, bazookas and fragmentation bombs - and now genocidal chemicals and herbicides.

CHEMICAL WARFARE IN ANGOLA

The Portuguese war criminals are using chemical defoliants and herbicides over the cultivated areas of liberated Angola, – the same products as those employed by the U.S. in Vietnam. These chemicals are

- 1. 2, 4-D (2, 4 acid dichlorophenoxyacetic)
 2. 2, 4, 5-T (2, 4, 5 acid trichlorophenoxyacetic)
- 3. cocadylic acid
- 4. Picloram, (from Dow Chemical Company, with the commercial name of Tardon).

These products cause, inter alia, digestive problems, the vomiting up of blood, respiratory diseases; 2, 45T acts on pregnant women causing congenital malformation, and cocadylic acid, which contains arsenic, is very poisonous, as a lethal dose is only one gramme for every kilogramme of body weight.

As for pictoram, in a test conducted in a Puerto Rican equatorial forest, trees sprayed with the chemical remained without leaves for over two years.

