MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them.

MADRID (UPI) — The Spanish Institute of Foreign Missions said yesterday one of its missionaries could pinpoint the exact spot in Mozambique where 400 African villagers were allegedly slaughtered by Portuguese troops.

An institute statement, published in the Roman Catholic newspaper Ya, said missionary Vicente Berenguer has come forward to back up accusations by five colleagues that government forces wiped out the village of Wiriyamu in December, 1972.

THE OBSERVER SAID the new report, compiled by missionaries in January, says that the soldiers who killed the inhabitants of Wiriyamu also attacked the people of Chawola "a few kilometers away."

"The troops told the people to clap their hands, to say goodbye to life, since they were about to die, and the people obeyed this instruction.

"While they were clapping their hands the soldiers opened fire on them, killing men, women and children. They gathered up the bodies, covered them with straw and set fire to them."